

Emergency Preparedness & Response 101

Post-test Worksheet for Modules 1-14

1. Which of these statements is false?

- a. Chemical warfare agents are heavier than air.
- b. Common chemicals pose a considerable risk for use in terrorism activities.
- c. If caught in the middle of a chemical attack you should lie down immediately and wait for emergency assistance.
- d. A form of pepper spray was used over 3000 years ago in warfare between China and India.

2. During emergency response the Incident Commander for the Hawaii Department of Health is usually the:

- a. Director of Health
- b. Emergency Medical Services Chief
- c. Governor
- d. Communications Director

3. Which of these statements is false?

- a. Disasters are significant events, which require resources above and beyond the affected community.
- b. Emergencies are events which cannot be handled by existing agency resources.
- c. What is a disaster for one department of health may be a minor emergency for another department of health.
- d. None of the above

4. Which of these statements is true?

- a. An outbreak of diarrheal disease in a community may be considered a man-made or a natural emergency or disaster.
- b. When compared to natural disasters, man-made disasters pose a greater threat to the health of the public.
- c. Under a state of emergency the Director of Health can request federal assistance directly from agencies such as Homeland Security.
- d. All of the above

- 5. Which of these statements is true about the Incident Command System (ICS)?**
- a. Was developed in the 1970s in response to a series of major wildland fires in southern California.
 - b. Is a management tool
 - c. Provides a means to coordinate the efforts of individual agencies as they work toward a common goal.
 - d. All of the above
- 6. In order for public health employees to respond during emergencies, core system capacities must be in place. Which of the following is not a system capacity?**
- a. Preparedness and Response
 - b. Workforce
 - c. Epidemiology/Surveillance
 - d. The Incident Command System
- 7. The term “functional role” during emergency response means:**
- a. Specific, defined roles for public health employees that have the same elements for all agencies.
 - b. A specific role for emergency response that is always different from what the public health employee usually performs.
 - c. A specific task or responsibility that an employee would perform to achieve a clear objective related to emergency response operations.
 - d. All of the above
- 8. Which of these is an effective method to detect an unusual event or situation in the community which may indicate a public health emergency:**
- a. A department of health employee may notice an unusual case or occurrence.
 - b. Analysis of surveillance data shows an increase in the number of new cases of a particular illness.
 - c. The news media reports a sharp increase in the number of absences in the local school district.
 - d. All of the above

9. Which of these statements is true?

- a. During emergency or disaster response for a disease outbreak, the Department of Health is always under the command of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).
- b. In an emergency you should refer all calls from the media to the Department of Health's Information Center.
- c. All public health professionals should be able to perform ANY job in the agency during an emergency or disaster situation.
- d. All of the above

10. The most common problem cited with any public health emergency response is:

- a. Lack of resources
- b. Communication
- c. Flawed emergency response policies and procedures
- d. Lack of staff

11. What is a dirty bomb?

- a. Explosives that have been concealed in mud
- b. A combination of dynamite with radioactive materials
- c. Code word for a bomb carried in a backpack
- d. Suicide bomber

12. True or False: Roles of the Department of Health during the 2001 dengue fever outbreak included testing standing water for mosquito eggs and the organization of a dengue "swat team" to go door-to-door to educate residents about mosquito control.

- a. True
- b. False

13. True or False: The Department of Health's Bioterrorism Response Lab is a sentinel lab.

- a. True
- b. False

14. There are approximately 488,000 public health workers in the United States today. From a national perspective, what percentage of these workers need to be competent in emergency preparedness?

- a. 100%
- b. 90%
- c. 75%
- d. 50%

15. Appropriate methods to evaluate a department of health's emergency preparedness capabilities include:

- a. Review the agency's performance after a real event
- b. Conduct an actual emergency drill
- c. Performance of tabletop exercises
- d. All of the above

16. Which of the following is not a Department of Health emergency response role?

- a. Liaison Officer
- b. Security at mass clinic operations
- c. Member of a Biological Response Team
- d. POD Manager

17. For a department of health, effective emergency/disaster response requires mobilization of:

- a. All employees for any disaster.
- b. All senior management level employees designated as disaster team members.
- c. The nature and extent of the emergency/disaster will dictate the level and numbers of employees needed.
- d. The Bioterrorism Preparedness Branch employees

18. What are the major components of a family emergency plan and a personal emergency plan?

- a. Arrangements are made for the care of family and pets in the event you are called to work during an emergency.
- b. A plan for distribution of pay checks in case of an emergency.
- c. The way out of your work area in case of an emergency.
- d. All of the above.

19. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention have identified microorganisms that could have potential as biological weapons these high priority organisms (Category A) include which of the following?

- a. Tularemia
- b. Rabies
- c. Salmonella
- d. None of the above

20. Which statement does not accurately describe the Department of Health's Emergency Response Plan?

- a. Outlines how the agency will operate during an emergency response.
- b. Describes how responders will be notified to report to their duty station.
- c. Developed independently of state emergency response partners.
- d. It is an All Hazards Plan

Once you have completed the modules and the post-test worksheet, you must take the Post-test. The Post-test is located in the "Completion" pull-up menu found at the bottom of each page of the training program.